Profile

DoubleDividend Management B.V. (DoubleDividend) is an independent responsible investment specialist. Where asset management is concerned we put together a portfolio tailored to your needs, whilst taking into account the desired risk profile, the investment horizon and the desired sustainability profile of the portfolio. Primary use is made of funds managed by DoubleDividend. Clients include wealthy individuals, associations and foundations. DoubleDividend operates under the full supervision of the AFM and DNB.

Investment philosophy:

- Sustainability makes a positive contribution to the risk-return profile of an investment portfolio.
- Investment is a long-term practice.
- We invest with conviction and only in quality in order to achieve a resilient portfolio.
- We aim to achieve a realistic return, taking risks into account
- Risk refers to the permanent loss of capital in the long term and not short-term volatility.
- We engage with the client and also invest in the funds managed by DoubleDividend.

Performance

Good inflation data and a drop in interest rates in both Europe and the U.S. created a buoyant mood in global financial markets. Equities, bonds and real estate shares all ended last month with solid gains. DD Funds also managed to take full advantage of the positive sentiment.

The returns for the various risk profiles last month ranged from 4.8% for the most defensive risk profile to 9.0% for the most offensive risk profile. The neutral risk profile achieved a return of 6.6% in January 2023.

Market data*	Jan	2023
Equities		
MSCI World	5.2%	5.2%
S&P 500	4.8%	4.8%
Euro Stoxx 600	6.8%	6.8%
Bonds		
World**	2.2%	2.2%
Real Estate		
EPRA Global	6.8%	6.8%
Infrastructure		
Eagle Global Infra	-0.1%	-0.1%
Interest rates		
10-yr Germany	2.28%	
10-yr US	3.51%	
Currencies		
EUR/USD	1.5%	1.5%
Other (in USD)		
Gold	5.7%	5.7%
Oil (Brent)	-1.7%	-1.7%

- Total returns in euros, the price changes of gold and oil are calculated in US dollars.
- ** Barclays Global Aggregate Index

This information does not provide sufficient basis for an investment decision. On the website of DoubleDividend Management B.V. (doubledividend.nl) you can find relevant information, including the consumer letter and the Key Investor Information and the prospectus of a fund managed by DoubleDividend. DoubleDividend Management B.V. is supervised by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets. The returns given have not been audited by an accountant.





Market developments

Global financial markets started the new year in a good mood due to lower interest rates and more favourable inflation data. Both equity and bond markets showed decent gains. The dollar fell some more against euro and is now down approximately 12% from its September 2022 peak. Inflation seems to have passed its peak and financial markets expect that the cycle of interest rate hikes by central banks is also coming to an end this year. For the second half of 2023, interest rates in the United States are even expected to fall, while at the same time the economy continues to perform reasonably well. In Europe, a stabilization later this year is assumed for now.

Despite these hopeful news and positive start of the year, we are not there yet. Inflation is still far too high both in Europe and the US. Moreover, there is a risk that the market is too early in pricing in a decline in interest rates later this year. It is also still uncertain to what extent economic growth will weaken and what the effect will be on corporate profits.

In addition to macroeconomic developments, equity markets were dominated by the annual results. In the period from late January to early March, most companies publish their annual results and the outlook for the coming year. Since the results season has only just begun, it is still too early to draw definitive conclusions, but the first signs point to reasonably good results. At the same time, due to uncertain economic conditions, companies are somewhat more cautious about the outlook for 2023.

Table: net returns for the various risk profiles*

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 till Jan	Average per year*	Total
Defensive	8.8%	1.3%	7.4%	-1.3%	4.7%	2.8%	-4.4%	17.7%	3.9%	5.4%	-19.6%	4.8%	2.4%	30.6%
Moderately defensive	10.1%	3.2%	10.0%	1.5%	5.4%	3.6%	-3.7%	20.6%	4.2%	8.0%	-21.0%	5.6%	3.8%	51.2%
Neutral	12.2%	5.7%	11.1%	4.9%	6.4%	4.6%	-2.7%	22.7%	4.5%	11.2%	-22.5%	6.6%	5.3%	76.5%
Offensive	13.9%	8.3%	14.8%	7.9%	7.3%	5.8%	-1.7%	26.1%	6.4%	14.7%	-24.5%	7.8%	7.1%	113.7%
Very offensive	15.4%	9.6%	16.7%	10.1%	8.5%	6.4%	-1.1%	29.3%	7.6%	18.6%	-26.2%	9.0%	8.5%	146.2%

^{*} The returns are based on the tactical asset allocation, after all costs, and with invested capital up to EUR 1 million.

Outlook

The long-term return outlook for both equities and bonds are reasonably good. Our quality criteria for investments as reflected in the 'schijf van vijf' ensure that we are well positioned to meet our expected long-term return targets, even under the current uncertain market conditions. Within equities and alternatives, we are invested in sectors that are supported by attractive long-term growth prospects in areas such as digitalization, healthcare and sustainability. Growth in these sectors is less dependent on the business cycle. In addition to companies with good growth prospects, we tend to invest in companies with high profit margins and strong market positions. These companies suffer less from inflation and have more opportunities to pass on higher costs to customers. The strong balance sheet position ensures that these companies are less affected by rising interest rates and can absorb cyclical fluctuations well. Many companies trade well below the average valuation of recent years. However, a very deep recession is not priced in.

The outlook for bonds has improved with increased interest rates making the risk-return ratio more attractive. This is especially true for corporate bonds and government bonds outside Europe. For high-quality European government bonds, the outlook still remains meagre due to low interest rates and the fact that the ECB cannot fight inflation as easily by raising interest rates because of the high debt burden of southern European countries. For the market as a whole, the development of inflation in particular remains a major risk. Therefore, bonds mainly fulfil a role in terms of diversification in a mixed portfolio. In general, bonds are less volatile than equities,

The value of your investments can fluctuate. Past performance is no guarantee for the future.



and some parts of the bond market have a low or even negative correlation with equities. Bonds thus dampen the volatility of a blended portfolio and thus, especially for investors with shorter investment horizons, they fulfil an important role.

Tactical asset allocation

Each investment profile has a strategic allocation with bandwidths to equities, bonds and alternatives. The table below gives an overview of the five different standard investment profiles (without bandwidths). The classifications of risk profiles are motivated by the AFM (the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets) and mainly based on historical risks and returns.

Table: profiles and strategic asset allocation

RISK PROFILES	Defensive	Moderate	Neutral	Offensive	Very offensive
		defensive			
Equities	22%	33%	47%	65%	80%
Bonds	73%	61%	45%	25%	10%
Alternatives	5%	6%	8%	10%	10%
Cash	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Source: DoubleDividend Management B.V.

Within the ranges, it is possible to respond to current market conditions. We call this the tactical asset allocation. In recent years we have opted for a slight overweighting of equities and alternatives at the expense of bonds because of the meagre expected returns for bonds. As of December 2022, we decided to only lightly overweight equities, but to bring alternatives back to the norm weighting. The reason for this is that because of sharply higher interest rates and risk premiums this year, the risk-return ratio for bonds has improved significantly. On the other hand, higher interest rates are bad for capital-intensive alternative sectors such as real estate and, to a lesser extent, sustainable infrastructure. While the valuation of most real estate and sustainable infrastructure companies is (very) attractive, the risk has also increased. This made us decide to bring the weighting of alternatives in each risk profile back to the strategic norm weighting in a number of steps for existing clients from December 2022. Only in the most offensive profile have we chosen not to invest in bonds at all at this time because of the very long investment horizon.

Tactical asset allocation

